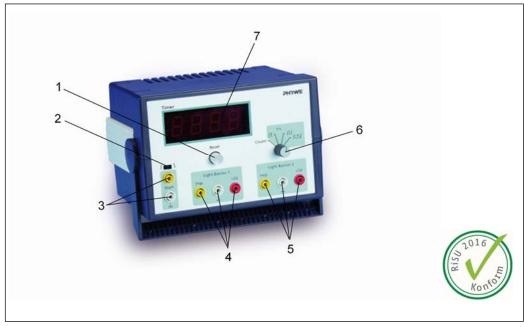


## Timer 2-1

13607-99

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**Operating instructions** 

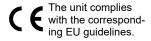


Fig. 1: Timer 2-1, 13607-99

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## 1 SAEFTY PRECAUTIONS



## Attention!

- Carefully read these operating instructions completely before operating this instrument. This is necessary to avoid damage to it, as well as for user-safety.
- Check that your mains supply voltage corresponds to that given on the type plate fixed to the instrument.
- Install the instrument so that the on/off switch and the mains connecting plug are easily accessible. Do not cover the ventilation slits.
- Take care that no liquids or objects enter in through the ventilation slots.
- Only use the instrument in dry rooms in which there is no risk of explosion.
- Only use the instrument for the purpose for which it was designed.
- Protect the instrument from dust, moisture and vapours.
  Only clean it in voltage-free state with a slightly moistened, lint-free cloth. Aggressive cleaning agents and solvents are unsuitable.
- Do not operate if there are visible signs of damage to the unit, the connection cord or the measuring lines.
- Do not open the unit.
- Do not connect any devices to the unit other than the ones that are intended for this purpose.
- Only use the power supply that is supplied with the unit (Order.-No. 12651-99).

## 2 PURPOSE AND DESCRIPTION

The chronometer *Timer 2-1* has a 4-digit digital display and has been specially designed for use in student experiments and demonstrative teacher experiments. The starting and stopping of the built-in timer piece, as well as counting, is effected by the opening and closing of electrical circuits, across light barriers or other TTL signal sources.

Many and various experimental requirements can be fulfilled with the 4 different operating modes that the *Timer* 2-1 makes available for track experiments, for the measurement of the time of revolution of a turning movement, for the direct measurement of the period of a full swing of a mechanical pendulum and for the counting of events.

## 3 EXPLANATION OF THE SYMBOLS



The safety isolating transformer and safe isolation in accordance with DIN EN 61558-2-16 of the connected power supply unit 12651-99 ensure that the regulations for safety at schools (Richtlinien für Sicherheit im Unterricht (RiSU)) in line with the recommendation of the Stand-

ing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany are fulfilled.

## 4 FUNCTIONAL AND OPERATING ELEMENTS

The instrument is fitted in an impact-resistant plastic housing, the single carrying handle of which can be swung down to act as an inclining prop. Four rubber feet ensure slip-resistance and standing stability. The instrument can be stacked with other instruments that have the same type of housing, whereby the rubber feet fit into pan-shaped depressions in the instrument housing below to provide increased security against displacement. The inclined housing position is only permissible for the top housing in a stack. The power supply unit (article no. 12651-99) that is standardly supplied with the instrument serves to connect it to the AC-mains when it is connected to the back of the instrument via the instrument connecting plug. All other functional and operating elements are to be found at the front of the instrument (see Fig. 1).

#### 1 Reset button

for resetting the display to zero and to restore readiness for measurement prior to each new measurement.

## 2 Slide switch

or selection of the trigger signal edge for the input Start; position : Start of measurement by the rising edge of a TTL-pulse (enabling of a light barrier) or by opening the electrical connection between the sockets of the corresponding input; position : Start of measurement by the descending edge of a TTL-pulse (interrupting of a light barrier) or by closing the electrical connection between the sockets of the corresponding input.

Note: Should no external trigger be connected to the Start socket, then the slide switch must be in the position  $\frac{1}{2}$  as otherwise the instrument will not operate as expected in all operating modes.

## 3 Start pair of sockets

or starting time measurement in operating modes  $\P$  and  $\P$  (see section 4 for a description of the operating modes). The signal can hereby be generated through a light barrier or a mechanical starter by the opening or closing of an external contact.

#### 4, 5 Connecting socket for fork light barriers

for the operation of two fork light barriers. The light barriers are supplied with a 5 VDC operating voltage. Control input sockets (*Imp.*) serve to start and/or stop a time measurement according to the operating mode that has been selected with switch 6. The reference terminal for each control input socket is the socket marked "Mass". The mode of action of the control inputs is dependent on the selected operating mode (see section 4).

## 6 Rotary switch

for the selection of one of the 4 available operating modes (see section 4).

## 7 Digital display

for the display of times measured within the range from 0.000 to 9.999 s, or of the number of counts of events from 0 to 9999.

#### 8 Gate LED

when this LED lights up, it shows that a time measurement and the internal clock have been started. This function is most helpful in indicating an inadvertent triggering of timer 2 - 1.

#### 5 HANDLING

When the operating voltage is applied, a press on the reset button makes the timer ready for use. The operating mode that is most suitable for the experiment that is to be carried out is to be selected from described in section 4. Control instruments must be connected to the control input of the timer for time measurements to be started and stopped. Select the most suitable of these from the List of Equipment. Should instruments that are not in the list to be connected, first check that their control signals correspond to the TTLNorm. An automatic repeat-lock ensures that no measured time value can be unintentionally overwritten. To regain readiness for a new measurement, press the reset button to put back the display. A running measurement can be stopped at any time with the reset button.

## Description of the operating modes

Rotary switch 6 allows one of the four available operating modes to be selected. Graphic symbols on the front plate mark the switch positions.

For all operating modes, first select the one wanted with rotary switch 6, then press the reset button. The previous operating mode is only brought to an end after this is done.

## 5.1 Pulse counting

- Turn rotary switch 6 to the "Count" position.
- Press the reset button.

The display shows readiness for measurement with 0000. A light barrier at the "Light Barrier 1" connection now counts the number of shadings.

## 5.2 Measurement of the time period during shading

- Turn rotary switch 6 to the " FT " position.
- Press the reset button.

After the pressing of the reset button, the display shows two decimal points which confirm readiness for measurement.

The shading period of a light barrier that is connected either at "Light Barrier 1" or at "Light Barrier 2" is measured and displayed. Two light barriers can also be simultaneously connected. The shading time of the light barrier that is first interrupted is then measured.

Measurement range: 0 to 9.999 s. Renewed measurement possible, but only after first pressing the reset button.

## 5.3 Measurement of the time period between the start of two shadings

- Turn rotary switch 6 to the "♣\♣" position.
- Press the reset button.

After the pressing of the reset button, the display shows three decimal points which confirm readiness for measurement.

The time period between two shadings is measured and displayed. This operating mode is particularly suitable for track experiments to determine the time that a car takes to travel the distance between two light barriers.

Alternatively, the timer can be started by a signal at the "Start" input according to the selected signal edge and be stopped by the shading of a connected light barrier. Measurement range 0 to 9.999 s. Renewed measurement possible, but only after first pressing the reset button.

# 5.4 Measurement of the time period between the start of the first and the third shadings

- Turn rotary switch 6 to the " \*\*III\*" position.
- Press the reset button.

After the pressing of the reset button, the display shows four decimal points which confirm readiness for measurement. The time period between the first and third shading is measured and displayed. This enables, for example, the complete period of swing of a pendulum to be measured with one light barrier. It is hereby of no importance which light barrier input is used. The time between the beginning of the first and the third shading is displayed, regardless of with which light barrier the shadings occur.

Alternatively, the timer is started by a signal at the "Start" input according to the selected signal edge and stopped at the beginning of the second shading of a connected light barrier. Measurement range 0 to 9.999 s. Renewed measurement possible, but only after first pressing the reset button.

## **6 NOTES ON OPERATION**



This high-quality instrument fulfills all of the technical requirements that are complied in current EC guidelines. The characteristics of this product qualify it for the CE mark.

This instrument is only to be put into operation under specialist supervision in a controlled electromagnetic environment in research, educational and training facilities (schools, universities, institutes and laboratories).

This means no mobile phones etc. are to be used in the near vicinity. The individual connecting leads must not be longer than 2 m.

The Instrument can be influenced by electromagnetic charges and other electromagnetic phenomena in such way, that it works no longer within the given specifications. The following measures reduce or prevent disturbing influences: Avoid carpeted floor ensure potential equalization, perform the experiments on conductive and grounded surfaces, use screenings and screened cables and do not work with high frequency emitters (radios, mobile phones etc.) in the immediate vicinity. After a total blackout, carry out a "Reset" (new start) of the complete system.

#### 7 TECHNICAL DATA

Time measurement

Operating voltage

Operating temperature range 5-40°C Relative humidity <80 %

Control Start/Stop) by electrical cir-

cuits (contact closure/contact opening or level acc. To TTL-

Norm)

Digital display 4-Digit LED display, digit height 19 mm

Measuring range 0,000...9,999 s resolution1 ms

Pulse counting Measurement range 0...9999

pulses

shading period > 500 µs (Stabilized) 5 V±5% (suitable power supply 5 VDC/2.4 A, 13900-99 standardly supplied)

Limiting frequency 1 kHz,

Power consumption 1.8 VA

Supply connector Connecting socket for hollow

plug, diam. 2.1 mm at the back of the instrument 5 VDC/350 mA

Overvoltage and reverse up to max. 12 V

polarity protection

Housing dimensions (mm) 206 × 130 × 160 (W, H, D)

Weight approx. 920 g

#### **8 SCOPE OF DELIVERY**

Timer 2-1 13607-99 Power supply 5 VDC/4 A 12651-99

## 9 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

The timer can only be used in combination with suitable control instruments that can be connected to its inputs. All instruments are suitable that open or close a switch contact or supply an electrical pulse and conform to TTL-Norm. The following list provides a selection of instruments that can be connected to inputs 3, 4 and 5:

| Falling sphere apparatus                | 02502-88 |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|
| Holding device with cable release       | 02417-04 |
| Starter system, mechanical with release | 11202-13 |
| Fork light barrier, compact             | 11207-20 |
| Push button switch, circuit closing     | 06039-00 |

#### 10 WASTE DISPOSAL

The packaging mainly consists of environmentally-friendly materials that should be returned to the local recycling stations.



Do not dispose of this product with normal household waste. If this unit needs to be disposed of, please return it to the address that is stated below for proper disposal.

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